



Trusted Aerosol Performance

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

### Section 1 – IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

**Product Name:** Number 8 HandyLube Liquid  
**Product Code:** 7388, 7389 & 7380  
**Uses:** Lubricant liquid to displace moisture and prevent corrosion.  
**Company:** Chemz Limited  
**Address:** 80 Rangitane Place  
Whakatu, Hastings  
**Telephone:** +64 6 877 9690  
**Email:** info@chemz.co.nz  
**Emergency Number 24 hr:** 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON) National Poison Centre

### Section 2 – HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### Classification of the product

Considered a hazardous substance according to the Hazardous Substance (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations NZ.  
Classified as a dangerous goods for transport purposes.

#### GHS Classifications:

Flammable Liquids Category 2  
Acute toxicity, Inhalation Category 4  
Aspiration hazard Category 1  
Skin irritation Category 2  
STOT (single exposure) Category 3 (Narcotic)  
Aquatic toxicity (Chronic) Category 2

#### HSNO Classifications:

3.1B Flammable Liquids: high hazard  
6.1D Acutely toxic (inhalation)  
6.1E Acutely toxic (aspiration)  
6.3A Irritating to the skin  
6.9B Harmful to human target organs (Narcotic)  
9.1B Toxic to the aquatic environment with long lasting effects



**Signal Words:** Danger

#### Hazard Statements

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.  
H332 Acutely toxic (Harmful) - inhalation  
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.  
H315 Causes skin irritation.  
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness (Narcotic).  
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Section 3 – COMPOSITION INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Hazardous Ingredients	CAS No.	Proportion, % m/m
Low Aromatic Hydrocarbon Liquid	64742-82-1	30 - 60
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated	64742-49-0	10 - 30
Mineral Oil	8012-95-1	10 - 30
Non-hazardous ingredients		to 100



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### Section 4 – FIRST AID MEASURES

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

If exposed or if you feel unwell: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor.

<b>Eye contact:</b>	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice.
<b>Inhalation:</b>	IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor.
<b>Skin contact:</b>	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice.
<b>Ingestion:</b>	Not considered a normal route of entry. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain immediate medical attention.
<b>Notes to physician:</b>	Treat symptomatically and supportively. No specific antidote.

### Section 5 – FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

<b>General fire hazards:</b>	Extremely flammable liquid.
<b>Specific hazards:</b>	Containers can build up pressure if exposed to heat and/or fire and may explode. Vapours may form an explosive mixture with air. Vapours can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Contents may float and be re-ignited on surface water.
<b>Further advice:</b>	On burning may emit toxic fumes including those of carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. Fire fighters to wear self-contained breathing apparatus if risk of exposure to products of combustion.
<b>Extinguishing media:</b>	Use water spray, fog, or foam. Use water spray to cool fire-exposed containers. Water may be ineffective. Do not discharge extinguishing waters into the aquatic environment. Do NOT use straight streams of water.
<b>Protective equipment:</b>	Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.
<b>Firefighting instructions:</b>	In the event of fire, cool containers with water spray to prevent vapour pressure build up. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Runoff can cause environmental damage.
<b>Hazchem Code:</b>	3YE

### Section 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

<b>Minor spills:</b>	Spills are slippery. Clean up all spills immediately. Remove all sources of ignition. If safe to do, damaged containers should be placed in a container outdoors, away from all ignition sources. Undamaged containers should be gathered and stowed safely. Provide ventilation. Wash with water.
<b>Major spills:</b>	Spills are slippery. Evacuate the spill area. Call the Fire Brigade. Remove all sources of ignition. If safe to do so, prevent spillage from entering drains or water courses. If material enters drains, advise emergency services. Use absorbent (soil, sand or other inert material). Collect and seal in properly labeled containers for disposal.

### Section 7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE

<b>Handling Precautions:</b>	Read product label before use. Keep out of reach of children.  This product is highly flammable. Keep away from heat and open flames. No smoking. Do not use near an open flame or other ignition source.  Use in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing vapours. Wash hands with soap and water after handling.
<b>Storage:</b>	Store in a well ventilated, cool, dry place. Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.



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### Section 8 – EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Exposure Limits:** No value assigned for product. Exposure standards for constituents (NZ WES);

Material	TWA, mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL, mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Low Aromatic Hydrocarbon Liquid (supplier)	350	-
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated (supplier)	1,640	2,050
Mineral Oil (oil mist)	5	10

**Additional Information:** Wash hands before eating, drinking and smoking.

**Engineering Controls:** No controls generally required when handling small quantities. Use with adequate ventilation.

Larger quantities: General exhaust is adequate under normal operating conditions. Exhaust ventilation should be designed to prevent accumulation and recirculation in the workplace. Ventilation equipment and lighting should be explosion-resistant.

**Protective Equipment:** General protective gloves are recommended. In an industrial environment: chemical protective gloves, safety glasses or chemical goggles are recommended. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

In case of inadequate ventilation, wear respiratory protection. If TWA is exceeded, wear an approved respirator with a type A filter.

### Section 9 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Physical state:** Clear colourless liquid.

**pH:** Not applicable.

**Vapour Density:** > 1 (Air =1)

**Vapour Pressure, kPa:** About 9

**Boiling Point, °C:** About 75

**Melting Point, °C:** Not applicable.

**Specific Gravity:** About 0.8

**Flash Point, °C:** < 0

**Explosion Limit, % v/v:** LEL 1.0% UEL 7.0%

**Autoignition Temp, °C:** > 200

**Solubility:** Not soluble in water.

### Section 10 – STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Stability:** Stable under normal conditions of use. Not reactive. Avoid oxidisers. Avoid elevated temperatures.

### Section 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Basis for Assessment:** Information given is based on product testing, and/or similar products, and/or components.

**Acute Oral Toxicity:** LD<sub>50</sub> estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg (based on component mixture, excluding propellant).

**Acute Dermal Toxicity:** LD<sub>50</sub> estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg (based on component mixture, excluding propellant).

**Acute Inhalation Toxicity:** LC<sub>50</sub> estimated to be 10 mg/L, Rat 4 hour (based on component mixture).

High concentrations may cause drowsiness or dizziness and lead to central nervous system depression resulting in headaches and nausea.

**Aspiration Hazard:** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

**Skin Irritation:** May cause skin irritation and defatting of the skin which can lead to dermatitis. Avoid contact with skin.



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<b>Eye Irritation:</b>	May cause eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes.
<b>Inhalation:</b>	May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Inhalation will cause narcotic effects.
<b>Respiratory Irritation:</b>	Inhalation of vapours may cause irritation to the respiratory system.
<b>Sensitisation:</b>	Not expected to be a contact or respiratory sensitiser.
<b>Mutagenicity:</b>	Not expected to be mutagenic.
<b>Carcinogenicity:</b>	Not expected to be carcinogenic.
<b>Reproductive toxicity:</b>	Not expected to be toxic.
<b>Specific Target Organ Toxicity:</b>	Harmful to human target organs or systems (Single exposure).
<b>STOT (Narcotic):</b>	Prolonged inhalation of vapours may be narcotic and cause drowsiness or dizziness.
<b>Repeated Dose Toxicity:</b>	Central nervous system: repeated exposure may affect the nervous system. Prolonged contact with product may result in irritant contact dermatitis.
<b>Additional Information:</b>	None of the components present in this material at concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1% are listed by IARC, NTP, OSHA or ACGIH as being carcinogens.

### Section 12 – ECOTOXICITY INFORMATION

<b>Ecotoxicity:</b>	Components are harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
<b>Mobility:</b>	Floats on water. Volatile. Some components show low soil mobility.
<b>Persistence/degradability:</b>	Not readily biodegradable. Some components may be persistent.
<b>Bioaccumulation Potential:</b>	Has the potential to bioaccumulate.

### Section 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

<b>Material Disposal:</b>	Product wastes are ecotoxic and should be disposed of in accordance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses. Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or water. Large quantities should be handled by a suitable disposal facility. Incineration in an authorised facility is suggested.
<b>Container Disposal:</b>	Recycle empty container if possible or dispose in landfill. Product containers are also considered wastes of the same class of the contents and should be disposed of in accordance with applicable regulations.

### Section 14 – TRANSPORT INFORMATION

<b>Transport:</b>	Classified as a Dangerous Good for transport purposes.
<b>Proper Shipping Name:</b>	HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated)
<b>UN Number:</b>	3295
<b>Dangerous Goods Class:</b>	3
<b>Transport Labels Required:</b>	Class 3 Flammable, Marine Pollutant (Land, Sea and Air)



<b>Subsidiary Risk:</b>	Not applicable
<b>Packing Group:</b>	III
<b>Marine Pollutant:</b>	Yes
<b>EMS Number</b>	F-E, S-D
<b>Limited Quantity:</b>	1 L



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**DG Segregation:** This product is classified as a Dangerous Goods. Consult the Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods 2005, and NZS 5433:2012 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land for information.

### Section 15 – REGULATORY INFORMATION

**Inventory Listing** NZIOC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals); All components of this product are listed.

**SDS regulations** This Safety Data Sheet was prepared in accordance with the EPA Hazardous Substances (Safety Data Sheets) Notice July 2017 (Consolidated 30 September 2022).

**EPA Approval Number:** HSR002603 Lubricants (Flammable) Group Standard 2020. This substance is to be managed using the conditions specified in the applicable Group Standard.

**EPA Hsno Controls:** Refer to [www.epa.govt.nz](http://www.epa.govt.nz) for information on Controls.  
This substance is to be managed using the conditions specified in an applicable Group Standard.

### Section 16 – OTHER INFORMATION

**Additional information** Personal Protective Equipment Guidelines: The recommendation for protective equipment contained is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

Health Effects from Exposure: It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

Abbreviations	CAS	Chemical Abstract Service number
	EMS	Emergency Response Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous Goods
	EPA	Environmental Protection Agency
	GHS	Globally Harmonized System
	IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
	IATA	International Air Transport Association
	IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LC <sub>50</sub>	Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration
	LD <sub>50</sub>	Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose
	LEL	Lower Explosion Limit
	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Milligrams per Cubic Metre
	NZIoC	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
	N.O.S.	Not otherwise specified
	OEL	Occupational Exposure Limit
	PEL	Permissible Exposure Limit
	STEL	Short-Term Exposure Limit
	STOT-RE	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
	STOT-SE	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)
	TLV	Threshold Limit Value
	TWA	Time Weighted Average
	UEL	Upper Explosion Limit

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Chemz Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material. If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Chemz representative or Chemz Limited at the contact details on page 1. Chemz Limited's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale.

End of sds.